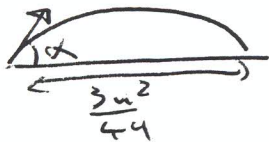


1988 Q30



$$\vec{r} = u \cos \alpha \vec{i} + 4.8 \sin \alpha \vec{j} \Rightarrow \vec{r}(t) = u \cos \alpha t \vec{i} + (4.8 \sin \alpha t - \frac{g t^2}{2}) \vec{j}$$

$$\vec{j} = 0 \Rightarrow 4.8 - \alpha t - \frac{g}{2} t^2 = 0$$

$$(\vec{r}(t))_{\vec{j}} = 0 \Rightarrow 4.8 - \alpha t - \frac{g}{2} t^2 = 0$$

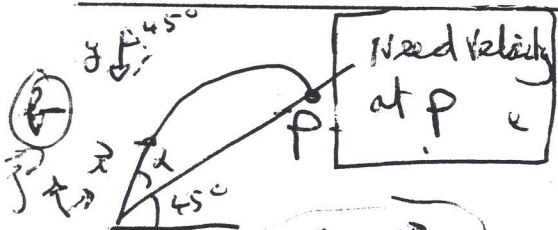
$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{2u \sin \alpha}{g}$$

$$(\vec{r}(t))_{\vec{i}} = \frac{3u^2}{4g} \Rightarrow 2u \cos \alpha \frac{2u \sin \alpha}{g} = \frac{3u^2}{4g}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{u^2 \sin 2\alpha}{g \cdot 8} = \frac{3u^2}{4g}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin 2\alpha = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin 2\alpha = 0.6 \Rightarrow 2\alpha = 36.87^\circ \Rightarrow \alpha = 18.43^\circ \text{ or } 90^\circ - 18.43^\circ = 71.57^\circ$$



Need velocity at P

PROJECTILE

$$\Rightarrow \vec{u} = 12u \vec{i} + 5u \vec{j}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{j} = -g \frac{t}{\sqrt{2}} \vec{i} - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \vec{j}$$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{5}{12} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{5}{13}$
 $\cos \alpha = \frac{12}{13}$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r}(t) = (12u - \frac{g}{2\sqrt{2}} t^2) \vec{i} + (5u - \frac{g}{2\sqrt{2}} t^2) \vec{j}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{v}(t) = (12u - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} t) \vec{i} + (5u - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} t) \vec{j}$$

At P $(\vec{r}(t))_{\vec{j}} = 0 \Rightarrow 5u - \frac{g}{2\sqrt{2}} t^2 = 0 \Rightarrow t = 0 \text{ or } T = \frac{410\sqrt{2}}{g}$

Need the velocity at P: $\vec{v}(T) = (12u - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{410\sqrt{2}}{g}) \vec{i} + (5u - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{410\sqrt{2}}{g}) \vec{j}$

$$\vec{v}(T) = (12u - 10u) \vec{i} + (5u - 10u) \vec{j}$$

$$\vec{v}(T) = 2u \vec{i} - 5u \vec{j}$$

Collision
 $2u \vec{i} - 5u \vec{j}$
 $e = \frac{7}{5}$

Smoothness $\Rightarrow \vec{i}$ is unchanged.

$$(\vec{j})_{\text{AT NLR}} \Rightarrow v_2 - v_1 = -e(u_2 - u_1)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -\frac{7}{5}(-5u - 0)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 7u$$

\Rightarrow Velocity on rebound is $2u \vec{i} + 2u \vec{j}$

This is a vector making angle $\tan^{-1} \frac{2u}{2u} = 45^\circ$ with plane and so 90° with horizontal.

\Rightarrow Particle rises vertically from P

\Rightarrow Particle will fall to P again in second bounce