

2000 – LINEAR MOTION QUESTION

1. (a) A stone projected vertically upwards with an initial speed of u m/s rises 70 m in the first t seconds and another 50 m in the next t seconds.

Find the value of u .

- (b) A car, starting from rest and travelling from p to q on a straight level road, where $|pq| = 10\,000$ m, reaches its maximum speed 25 m/s by constant acceleration in the first 500 m and continues at this maximum speed for the rest of the journey.

A second car, starting from rest and travelling from q to p , reaches the same maximum speed by constant acceleration in the first 250 m and continues at this maximum speed for the rest of the journey.

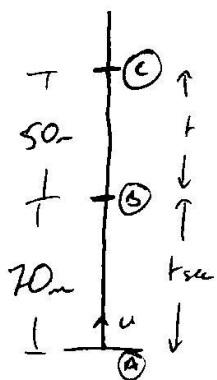
- (i) If the two cars start at the same time, after how many seconds do the two cars meet?
Find, also, the distance travelled by each car in that time.
- (ii) If the start of one car is delayed so that they meet each other exactly halfway between p and q , find which car is delayed and by how many seconds.

2000

①

Q1

(a)



A → B

$$u = u$$

$$v = -$$

$$a = -g$$

$$S = 70$$

$$T = T$$

$$S = uT + \frac{1}{2} aT^2$$

$$70 = uT + \frac{1}{2} (-g)(T)^2$$

$$\boxed{70 = uT - \frac{g}{2} T^2}$$

A → C

$$u = u$$

$$S = uT + \frac{1}{2} aT^2$$

$$v = -$$

$$120 = u(2T) + \frac{1}{2} (-g)(2T)^2$$

$$a = -g$$

$$120 = 2uT - \frac{g}{2} (4T^2)$$

$$S = 120$$

$$120 = 2uT - 2gT^2$$

$$T = 2T$$

$$60 = uT - gT^2$$

$$\therefore \boxed{60 + gT^2 = uT}$$

so

$$70 = 60 + gT^2 - \frac{g}{2} T^2 \quad \text{(K2)}$$

$$140 = 120 + 2gT^2 - gT^2$$

$$20 = gT^2$$

$$\boxed{\sqrt{\frac{20}{g}} = T}$$

②

$$60 + gT^2 = uT$$

$$60 + 9\left(\sqrt{\frac{20}{9}}\right)^2 = u\left(\sqrt{\frac{20}{9}}\right)$$

$$60 + \frac{20 \times 9}{9} = u\sqrt{\frac{20}{9}}$$

$$80 = u\sqrt{\frac{20}{9}}$$

$$6400 = u^2\left(\frac{20}{9}\right)$$

$$3200 = u^2$$

$$\sqrt{3200} = u$$

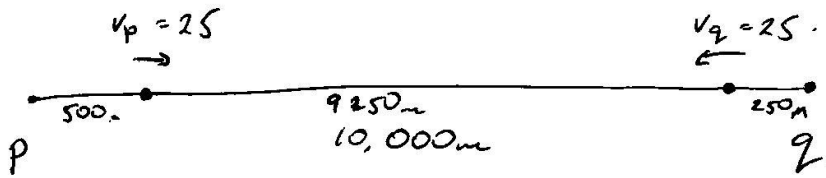
$$56 \text{ m/s} = u.$$

2000

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Q1 (b)

(i)



②

$$u = 0$$

$$v = 25$$

$$a = ?$$

$$s = 500$$

$$t = ?$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$(25)^2 = (0)^2 + 2(a)(500)$$

$$625 = 1000a$$

$$\underline{\underline{0.625 \text{ ms}^{-2} = a_p}}$$

$$v = u + at$$

$$25 = 0 + (0.625)(t)$$

$$25 = 0.625t$$

$$\underline{\underline{40 \text{ sec} = T_p}}$$

③

$$u = 0$$

$$v = 25$$

$$a = ?$$

$$s = 250$$

$$t = ?$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$(25)^2 = (0)^2 + 2a(250)$$

$$625 = 500a$$

$$\underline{\underline{1.25 \text{ ms}^{-2} = a_q}}$$

$$v = u + at$$

$$25 = 0 + 1.25(t)$$

$$25 = 1.25t$$

$$\underline{\underline{20 \text{ sec} = T_q}}$$

NEED TO FIND LOCATION OF Q FOR WHEN P REACHES
MAXIMUM SPEED.

$$u = 25$$

$$v = 25$$

$$a = 0$$

$$s = ?$$

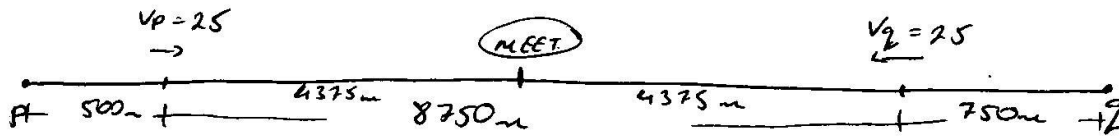
$$t = 20$$

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$s = 25(20) + \frac{1}{2}(0)(20)^2$$

$$s = 500 \text{ m}$$

So after 40 sec, P HAS TRAVELLED 500m AND Q HAS TRAVELLED 750m.



SINCE THEY ARE TRAVELLING AT THE SAME SPEED, THEY WILL MEET IN THE MIDDLE.

Dist: 4375m

$$T = \frac{\text{Dist}}{\text{Speed}}$$

Speed: 25 m/s

$$T = \frac{4375}{25} = 175 \text{ sec.}$$

∴ THEY MEET AT $T = 40 + 175 = 215 \text{ sec.}$

P HAS TRAVELLED : $500 + 4375 = 4875m$

Q HAS TRAVELLED : $750 + 4375 = 5125m.$

(ii) TO MEET IN THE MIDDLE, P TRAVELS 5000m.

500m ACCELERATING IN 40sec.

4500m AT 25m/s IN $\frac{180 \text{ sec.}}{220 \text{ sec.}}$

Q TRAVELS 5000m

250m ACCELERATING IN 20sec.

4750m AT 25m/s IN $\frac{190 \text{ sec.}}{210 \text{ sec.}}$

So, P MUST BE DELAYED BY 10sec.